

U.S. Department of Justice

Washington, DC 20530

Supplemental Statement**Pursuant to the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended**For Six Month Period Ending April 30 2013

(Insert date)

I - REGISTRANT

1. (a) Name of Registrant

(b) Registration No.

Levick Strategic Communications, LLC

5649

(c) Business Address(es) of Registrant

1900 M Street, NW

Washington, DC 20036

2. Has there been a change in the information previously furnished in connection with the following?

(a) If an individual:

(1) Residence address(es) Yes ☐ No ☐(2) Citizenship Yes ☐ No ☐(3) Occupation Yes ☐ No ☐

(b) If an organization:

(1) Name Yes ☐ No ☒(2) Ownership or control Yes ☐ No ☒(3) Branch offices Yes ☐ No ☒

(c) Explain fully all changes, if any, indicated in Items (a) and (b) above.

IF THE REGISTRANT IS AN INDIVIDUAL, OMIT RESPONSE TO ITEMS 3, 4, AND 5(a).3. If you have previously filed Exhibit C¹, state whether any changes therein have occurred during this 6 month reporting period.Yes ☐ No ☒If yes, have you filed an amendment to the Exhibit C? Yes ☐ No ☐

If no, please attach the required amendment.

¹ The Exhibit C, for which no printed form is provided, consists of a true copy of the charter, articles of incorporation, association, and by laws of a registrant that is an organization. (A waiver of the requirement to file an Exhibit C may be obtained for good cause upon written application to the Assistant Attorney General, National Security Division, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530.)

4. (a) Have any persons ceased acting as partners, officers, directors or similar officials of the registrant during this 6 month reporting period?

Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position	Date Connection Ended
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(b) Have any persons become partners, officers, directors or similar officials during this 6 month reporting period?

Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Residence Address	Citizenship	Position	Date Assumed
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5. (a) Has any person named in Item 4(b) rendered services directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal?

Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, identify each such person and describe the service rendered.

(b) During this six month reporting period, has the registrant hired as employees or in any other capacity, any persons who rendered or will render services to the registrant directly in furtherance of the interests of any foreign principal(s) in other than a clerical or secretarial, or in a related or similar capacity? Yes ☐ No ☒

Name	Residence Address	Citizenship	Position	Date Assumed
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(c) Have any employees or individuals, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their employment or connection with the registrant during this 6 month reporting period? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position or Connection	Date Terminated
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(d) Have any employees or individuals, who have filed a short form registration statement, terminated their connection with any foreign principal during this 6 month reporting period? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name	Position or Connection	Foreign Principal	Date Terminated
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6. Have short form registration statements been filed by all of the persons named in Items 5(a) and 5(b) of the supplemental statement?

Yes ☒ No ☐

If no, list names of persons who have not filed the required statement.

II - FOREIGN PRINCIPAL

7. Has your connection with any foreign principal ended during this 6 month reporting period? Yes ☒ No ☐

If yes, furnish the following information:

Foreign Principal

GOVERNMENT OF ANTIGUA & BARBUDA

Date of Termination

April 4, 2013

8. Have you acquired any new foreign principal(s)² during this 6 month reporting period? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Name and Address of Foreign Principal(s)

Date Acquired

9. In addition to those named in Items 7 and 8, if any, list foreign principal(s)² whom you continued to represent during the 6 month reporting period.

10. (a) Have you filed exhibits for the newly acquired foreign principal(s), if any, listed in Item 8?

Exhibit A³ Yes ☐ No ☐

Exhibit B⁴ Yes ☐ No ☐

If no, please attach the required exhibit.

- (b) Have there been any changes in the Exhibits A and B previously filed for any foreign principal whom you represented during this six month period? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, have you filed an amendment to these exhibits? Yes ☐ No ☐

If no, please attach the required amendment.

² The term "foreign principal" includes, in addition to those defined in section 1(b) of the Act, an individual organization any of whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized in whole or in major part by a foreign government, foreign political party, foreign organization or foreign individual. (See Rule 100(a)(9)). A registrant who represents more than one foreign principal is required to list in the statements he files under the Act only those principals for whom he is not entitled to claim exemption under Section 3 of the Act. (See Rule 208.)

³ The Exhibit A, which is filed on Form NSD-3 (Formerly CRM-157) sets forth the information required to be disclosed concerning each foreign principal.

⁴ The Exhibit B, which is filed on Form NSD-4 (Formerly CRM-155) sets forth the information concerning the agreement or understanding between the registrant and the foreign principal.

III - ACTIVITIES

11. During this 6 month reporting period, have you engaged in any activities for or rendered any services to any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes ☒ No ☐

If yes, identify each foreign principal and describe in full detail your activities and services:

COMMUNICATIONS IN SUPPORT OF WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION DECISIONS.

12. During this 6 month reporting period, have you on behalf of any foreign principal engaged in political activity⁵ as defined below? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, identify each such foreign principal and describe in full detail all such political activity, indicating, among other things, the relations, interests and policies sought to be influenced and the means employed to achieve this purpose. If the registrant arranged, sponsored or delivered speeches, lectures or radio and TV broadcasts, give details as to dates, places of delivery, names of speakers and subject matter.

13. In addition to the above described activities, if any, have you engaged in activity on your own behalf which benefits your foreign principal(s)? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, describe fully.

⁵ The term "political activity" means any activity that the person engaging in believes will, or that the person intends to, in any way influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to formulating, adopting or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.

IV - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**14. (a) RECEIPTS-MONIES**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received from any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal, any contributions, income or money either as compensation or otherwise? Yes ☒ No ☐

If no, explain why.

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies.⁶

Date See Attached	From Whom	Purpose	Amount
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\$465,656.41

Total

(b) RECEIPTS - FUNDRAISING CAMPAIGN

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received, as part of a fundraising campaign⁷, any money on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, have you filed an Exhibit D to your registration? Yes ☐ No ☐

If yes, indicate the date the Exhibit D was filed. Date _____

(c) RECEIPTS-THINGS OF VALUE

During this 6 month reporting period, have you received any thing of value⁹ other than money from any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement, or from any other source, for or in the interests of any such foreign principal?

Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Foreign Principal	Date Received	Thing of Value	Purpose
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6, 7 A registrant is required to file an Exhibit D if he collects or receives contributions, loans, moneys, or other things of value for a foreign principal, as part of a fundraising campaign. (See Rule 201(e)).

8 An Exhibit D, for which no printed form is provided, sets forth an account of money collected or received as a result of a fundraising campaign and transmitted for a foreign principal.

9 Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks," and the like.

15. (a) DISBURSEMENTS-MONIES

During this 6 month reporting period, have you

(1) disbursed or expended monies in connection with activity on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement? Yes ☒ No ☐(2) transmitted monies to any such foreign principal? Yes ☐ No ☒

If no, explain in full detail why there were no disbursements made on behalf of any foreign principal.

If yes, set forth below in the required detail and separately for each foreign principal an account of such monies, including monies transmitted, if any, to each foreign principal.

Date	To Whom	Purpose	Amount
See Attached			

\$87,785.54

Total

(b) **DISBURSEMENTS-THINGS OF VALUE**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you disposed of anything of value¹⁰ other than money in furtherance of or in connection with activities on behalf of any foreign principal named in Items 7, 8, or 9 of this statement?

Yes ☐

No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Date	Recipient	Foreign Principal	Thing of Value	Purpose
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(c) **DISBURSEMENTS-POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS**

During this 6 month reporting period, have you from your own funds and on your own behalf either directly or through any other person, made any contributions of money or other things of value¹¹ in connection with an election to any political office, or in connection with any primary election, convention, or caucus held to select candidates for political office?

Yes ☐

No ☒

If yes, furnish the following information:

Date	Amount or Thing of Value	Political Organization or Candidate	Location of Event
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^{10, 11} Things of value include but are not limited to gifts, interest free loans, expense free travel, favored stock purchases, exclusive rights, favored treatment over competitors, "kickbacks" and the like.

V - INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS

16. (a) During this 6 month reporting period, did you prepare, disseminate or cause to be disseminated any informational materials?¹²
 Yes ☒ No ☐

If Yes, go to Item 17.

- (b) If you answered No to Item 16(a), do you disseminate any material in connection with your registration?
 Yes ☐ No ☐

If Yes, please forward the materials disseminated during the six month period to the Registration Unit for review.

17. Identify each such foreign principal.

PRESS RELEASES DISSEMINATED ON BEHALF OF ANTIGUA & BARBUDA WHICH ARE INCLUDED AS ATTACHMENTS TO THIS FILING

18. During this 6 month reporting period, has any foreign principal established a budget or allocated a specified sum of money to finance your activities in preparing or disseminating informational materials? Yes ☐ No ☒

If yes, identify each such foreign principal, specify amount, and indicate for what period of time.

19. During this 6 month reporting period, did your activities in preparing, disseminating or causing the dissemination of informational materials include the use of any of the following:

- ☐ Radio or TV broadcasts ☐ Magazine or newspaper ☐ Motion picture films ☐ Letters or telegrams
☐ Advertising campaigns ☒ Press releases ☐ Pamphlets or other publications ☒ Lectures or speeches
☐ Other (specify) _____

Electronic Communications

- ☒ Email
☐ Website URL(s): _____
☐ Social media websites URL(s): _____
☐ Other (specify) _____

20. During this 6 month reporting period, did you disseminate or cause to be disseminated informational materials among any of the following groups:

- ☐ Public officials ☒ Newspapers ☐ Libraries
☐ Legislators ☒ Editors ☐ Educational institutions
☐ Government agencies ☐ Civic groups or associations ☐ Nationality groups
☐ Other (specify) _____

21. What language was used in the informational materials:

- ☒ English ☐ Other (specify) _____

22. Did you file with the Registration Unit, U.S. Department of Justice a copy of each item of such informational materials disseminated or caused to be disseminated during this 6 month reporting period? Yes ☐ No ☒

23. Did you label each item of such informational materials with the statement required by Section 4(b) of the Act? Yes ☒ No ☐

¹² The term informational materials includes any oral, visual, graphic, written, or pictorial information or matter of any kind, including that published by means of advertising, books, periodicals, newspapers, lectures, broadcasts, motion pictures, or any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce or otherwise. Informational materials disseminated by an agent of a foreign principal as part of an activity in itself exempt from registration, or an activity which by itself would not require registration, need not be filed pursuant to Section 4(b) of the Act.

VI - EXECUTION

In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1746, the undersigned swear(s) or affirm(s) under penalty of perjury that he/she has (they have) read the information set forth in this registration statement and the attached exhibits and that he/she is (they are) familiar with the contents thereof and that such contents are in their entirety true and accurate to the best of his/her (their) knowledge and belief, except that the undersigned make(s) no representation as to truth or accuracy of the information contained in the attached Short Form Registration Statement(s), if any, insofar as such information is not within his/her (their) personal knowledge.

(Date of signature)

(Print or type name under each signature or provide electronic signature¹³)

June 04, 2013

/s/ Patricia A. Ramsay

eSigned

¹³ This statement shall be signed by the individual agent, if the registrant is an individual, or by a majority of those partners, officers, directors or persons performing similar functions, if the registrant is an organization, except that the organization can, by power of attorney, authorize one or more individuals to execute this statement on its behalf.

**STATEMENT OF ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA
TO
DISPUTE SETTLEMENT BODY OF THE WORLD TRADE ORGANISATION**

28th January, 2013

[Greetings to Chairman and delegates as appropriate]

As indicated in the agenda for today's meeting and the included document WT/DS285/25, today Antigua and Barbuda comes before the DSB to request its authorisation of the suspension of concessions and other obligations to the United States in conformity with the December, 2007 decision of the arbitrator in document WT/DS285/ARB. In our statement to the DSB at last month's meeting, we explained why Antigua and Barbuda has decided it has no alternative at this point in time than to avail of the suspension of concessions. We will not go through all of that again—no doubt my fellow delegates recall our statement and other presentations we have made to this body over the years. But, particularly in light of the remarks of the United States following our presentation in December and developments since that time, we feel that we need to address a few issues directly.

First, we are surprised that the United States continues to put forth the argument that it was either unaware that it had made a commitment in respect of gambling in its GATS schedule or that the commitment was made by mistake. As my fellow members well know, in our respective preparations of our schedules under the GATS, many of us were able to recognise the gaming commitment and either exclude or modify it explicitly by reference in our schedules, as at least a dozen were so to do, or omit the commitment by exclusion of the entire applicable sector. We were all, as they say, singing from the same hymn sheet, W/120. The United States itself excluded "sporting" from the applicable sector. This insistence upon "error", "mistake" or "unintentional" is disingenuous, untrue and we would hope the United States would drop this unhelpful red herring.

Second, in its statement last month the United States made reference to its need to strictly regulate remote gaming to protect the health and safety of its citizens. This is yet another

false trail, as during the course of our proceedings the United States' primary defence was that remote gaming was so pernicious and problematic that it is not capable of regulation. In fact, the United States argued that it prohibited all remote gaming because of the moral, health and safety problems associated with the activity. But we have never argued that remote gaming should be unregulated. We have been licencing and regulating the industry for almost two decades. We fully understand and respect the need for regulation. Among our many unanswered proposals for settlement to the United States was a joint regulatory system where the United States could work closely with our regulators to ensure the efficacy of remote gaming regulation. Many of our fellow member countries sitting here today effectively regulate remote gaming. And, as we established in the course of our proceedings and as the United States has now admitted, its laws do not prohibit all remote gambling. As we all now know, lawful domestic remote gaming has existed in the United States for decades and is increasing as each day passes. So again, we would hope that the United States would no longer continue to push forth this tired and thoroughly discredited justification for their decade-long non-compliance with the decision in our dispute.

Third, we want to make absolutely clear that our government have been patient, open and creative in our negotiating efforts with the United States. We have been forthcoming and conciliatory, and fully understand what it means to compromise. But in all of our years of discussions with the United States, they have never once given us a settlement proposal of their own. They have never once taken one of our many proposals and suggested changes, permutations or alternatives in what we understand the spirit of good faith negotiations to be. In fairness, by and large neither have they rejected our proposals. They have simply failed to respond or do anything. In one instance, they agreed to a key part of our settlement proposals—that they cease the criminal prosecution and jailing of our citizens—and then after weeks of effort and considerable expense, completely rejected the agreement we thought we had made, incredibly issuing a criminal indictment against one of our operators almost simultaneously, as if to underscore their reversal. We found ourselves negotiating against ourselves, and even our suggestion that we avail of the services of the Director General of the WTO to mediate our dispute in hopes of breaking the deadlock was refused. Despite their public pronouncements, I can assure my fellow delegates that the United States has neither

made nor explored a reasonable and fair settlement proposal in this case. So again, we would call for the United States to discontinue its oft-repeated and untrue assertion that Antigua has failed to take up reasonable settlement offers presented to us.

Fourth, in response to its argument that Antigua is unfairly and improperly standing in the way of the American efforts to cure its GATS violation by wiping away its gaming commitment under the GATS, we want our fellow delegates to know that the United States offered us nothing during our brief and languid discussions regarding the proposed removal of the gaming concession. Nothing. And we continue to insist, particularly on behalf of small, narrow economies such as our own, that a major economy cannot avoid the consequences of an adverse DSB ruling by withdrawing a commitment in a manner that ostensibly "balances" global trade by accommodating other affected members but provides no benefit or compensation to the prevailing party in the underlying dispute. That would be an absurd result and as we know, International law doesn't much fancy absurdity.

Fifth, and of considerable importance to our government, we are disturbed by the statements of and suggestions by the United States that our recourse to the suspension of concessions and other obligations awarded us by the DSB would render us "pirates" and "thieves" of intellectual property. We have followed the rules and procedures of the WTO to the letter. We have litigated each and every issue, and availed ourselves of the remedies and rights provided us as a prevailing party in a WTO dispute under rules, as our fellow members will know, were largely driven by the major economies during the process that resulted in the Uruguay Round agreements. To accuse our country of somehow being an International outlier by doing what the rules provide we can do, while at the same time confiscating the money of our operators held in global accounts and subjecting our operators to prison terms under laws held inconsistent with the GATS pretty much beggars belief. We consider this rhetoric and these particularly inflammatory and clearly false accusations to be inappropriate, unhelpful and wrong, and we would call again on the United States to cease these very unfortunate references and acknowledge that our little country is doing precisely what it has earned the right to do under International agreements.

Sixth, we want to assure our fellow delegates that we are mindful of the uncertainties and minefields that lie before us in going down a path not yet travelled. We are in the process of assessing our options, analysing the legal issues and developing a scheme for imposing the suspension of concessions and other obligations approved by the DSB should we, in the event, determine to do so. As has become the custom, before we act on the suspension of concessions and other obligations, we will provide the Secretariat with reasonable details on what we are to do and how we are to do it. But while we will be mindful and deliberate in this regard, we want our fellow members, and the global trading community, to understand and focus on the reality of our circumstances. The United States has ruined our domestic remote gaming industry, causing thousands of job losses and nipping in the bud our prescient investment in remote gaming. As we speak, they are prosecuting and pursuing Antiguan for simply engaging in conduct that the United States committed under the GATS to allow. By our estimates, the United States has seized over a billion dollars in customer deposits and other funds of our licenced operators without any kind of due process and in clear and unambiguous violation of International law.

So, yes, while we will utilise the suspension of concessions and other obligations in a reasoned and responsible matter, we insist the focus be on the United States, who could have avoided the circumstances in which they find themselves today by complying with the DSB rulings or, as we had hoped, by negotiating fairly with us. This is not what we want but, as I think an American musician once said, "when you have nothing you have nothing to lose". At this point, we have nothing. As our final entreaty to our colleagues in the United States, and at the risk of being repetitive, we would ask that the United States respect us as a WTO member, entitled to the rights and benefits accruing us under the applicable agreements, despite our very small size. To step away from the rhetoric and dissembling and work with us, fairly. While we seek final authorisation to suspend the concessions and other obligations to the United States in respect of intellectual property rights of United States persons today, we still stand ready and eager to find a fair solution to the dispute. But no longer can we, or of most importance, our citizens, be placated by empty promises and dissembling. If the United States wants to avoid the consequences of our resort to our rights under the DSU, we would encourage them to act, and act quickly.

As a final point, the fact that we are at this point at all is very unfortunate and does not bode well for the global trading system in general and the WTO in particular. Our experience in this endeavour to protect and enforce our rights against a bigger economy with infinitely greater resources has not been satisfactory. Our inability to achieve a fair and proper resolution over a long period of time, together with the possibility that at the end of the day the United States may avoid any liability to Antigua and Barbuda by simply re-writing its trade obligations after the fact, leaves us wondering if there is anything for small economies at the WTO, and if the WTO dispute resolution system may not be in serious need of overhaul.

Accordingly, Mr Chairman, in conformity with the decision of the arbitrator in our case and as outlined in document WT/DS285/25, we ask the DSB to authorise Antigua and Barbuda to suspend certain concessions and other obligations owed to the United States on the basis provided therein.

[Thanks and other closing matters]

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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Email: pelwood@levick.com

Antigua to Pursue Sanctions Against the United States in Decade-Long Trade Dispute

St. Johns, Antigua (January 28, 2013) – Today in Geneva, the Caribbean nation of Antigua and Barbuda was granted authorization by the World Trade Organization (WTO) to suspend certain concessions and obligations it has under international law to the United States in respect of intellectual property rights. Having initially received preliminary authorization to do so from the WTO in 2007 and negotiating in good faith with the United States Government for a settlement of the case over the course of the last five years, Antigua is seeking final WTO approval of its sanctions in order to compel the United States to either comply with the rulings in Antigua's favor in the gambling dispute or to negotiate a fair and reasonable solution with the Antiguan Government. The remedy is expressly provided for under WTO law and, contrary to what the United States has publicly stated, will not constitute "piracy" or theft of intellectual property rights. Rather, it will be a lawful suspension of intellectual property rights, conforming to the judgment of the relevant WTO tribunal.

For nearly a decade, Antigua has sought to resolve the dispute with the United States Government over the US failure to abide by American treaty obligations with regard to remote gaming.

"The economy of Antigua and Barbuda has been devastated by the United States Government's long campaign to prevent American consumers from gambling on-line with offshore gaming operators. These aggressive efforts to shut down the remote gaming industry in Antigua has resulted in the loss of thousands of good paying jobs and seizure by the Americans of billions of dollars belonging to gaming operators and their customers in financial institutions across the world. If the same type of actions, by another nation, caused the people and the economy of the United States to be so significantly impacted, Antigua would without hesitation support their pursuit of justice. We once again ask our fellow sovereign nation and WTO member, the United States of America, to act in accordance with the WTO's decisions in this matter, before we move forward with the implementation of the sanctions authorized this day by the WTO," said Harold Lovell, Antigua's Finance Minister.

At its height, the remote gaming industry in Antigua was the country's second largest employer, and leading international gaming economists estimated that the industry was worth over US \$3.4 billion to the Antiguan economy. Having once employed over 4,000 people, today less than five hundred persons are employed in the gaming sector. This economic devastation has been caused by the direct actions of the United States. Fees paid by the gaming industry helped fund public education, healthcare and the country's infrastructure, and the income boosted consumer spending and other economic activity associated with a vibrant, high-tech industry.

"Antigua has decided to utilize its right under international law to compel treaty compliance by the United States. This decision did not come easily. After countless proposals from our government have been more or less ignored by the Office of the USTR - numerous decisions by the WTO declaring the United States Government's position illegal - and failure of the United States Government to provide meaningful proposals to end the dispute, the WTO provides this remedy not to encourage illicit behavior by nations; but rather to provide them with a way to secure their legal rights as sovereign nations," said Colin Murdoch, Trade Ambassador for Antigua. "It is important to note that the intellectual property remedy is incorporated in the WTO agreements and approved by all members, including the United States."

Getting the authorization from the WTO to suspend intellectual property rights does not require Antigua to ultimately resort to that suspension, and the Government remains hopeful that the United States will use the intervening period to engage the Antiguan Government in more productive discussions. If and when Antigua does take action against American intellectual property holders, it will be done in accordance with international law and under strict supervision and direction of the Antiguan Government.

"As a result of the US failure to comply with international law, the Antiguan economy and our citizens have suffered. In previous statements, the United States has indicated there could be possible adverse consequences for Antigua and its citizens for resorting to this WTO-sponsored remedy. We assume this is just rhetoric for public consumption, and we look forward to the United States putting aside these tactics and focusing their future efforts on thoughtful negotiation rather than on hyperbole and intimidation," said Dr. McChesney Emanuel, Chairman of the Antigua and Barbuda Investment Authority.

These materials are distributed by LEVICK on behalf of the Government of Antigua & Barbuda. Additional information is available at the Department of Justice in Washington, D.C.

**ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA RESPOND TO USTR STATEMENT IN GAMBLING
DISPUTE**

ST. JOHN'S, ANTIGUA: The government of Antigua and Barbuda today expressed their "considerable disappointment" at the statement of the United States Trade Representative last Monday regarding the latest action at the World Trade Organisation on the dispute between the parties on the cross-border supply of gambling and betting services. Following Monday's approval by the WTO of Antigua's request to suspend intellectual property rights of United States persons in accordance with International law and WTO rulings in the case, a USTR spokesperson issued a statement condemning Antigua for resorting to the procedures specifically provided by WTO law in cases where a non-conforming party to a WTO dispute fails to comply with an adverse ruling.

Speaking from his office in the country's capital of St. John's, Minister of Finance and the Economy Harold Lovell said that he was "shocked and saddened that in this trade dispute case, the United States has chosen to resort to such intemperate and unfortunate language. From our perspective, it appears the United States is threatening our country with unspecified retaliation for simply following the rules and regulations provided for by the very WTO agreements that the United States in large part devised and certainly endorsed during the development of the WTO almost 20 years ago." Observing that to the knowledge of his government, no WTO member had ever denied another member's right to avail itself of WTO proscribed remedies, the Minister added that he was very hopeful that the USTR regretted its poorly chosen remarks, and would focus its future efforts on working with Antigua in good faith to resolve the dispute.

"Our very real differences in this dispute need to be respected, and Antigua deserves to be treated with the fairness and propriety that the United States accords to its other trading partners," Mr Lovell added. "The ongoing misinformation by the USTR that Antigua and Barbuda has refused reasonable settlement offers from the American government is, as the USTR clearly knows, simply untrue. It is time for the United States to drop its dismissive and frequently condescending attitude to another equally sovereign nation, regardless of our tiny size and economy." Minister Lovell concluded by noting he had asked his WTO delegation to take up this matter at the next meeting of the dispute settlement body of the WTO in order to discourage the American government from continuation of this most unwelcome and unprecedented tactic.

Statement from Harold Lovell, Minister of Finance for the Government of Antigua and Barbuda:

"The Government and the people of Antigua and Barbuda welcome the nomination of Michael Froman for the position of U.S. Trade Representative. There are a number of challenges that Mr. Froman will face over the coming years. We would like to echo President Obama's hope that Froman will 'level the playing field' for all in the international trading system. An essential first step that should be taken is to reverse the decade-long violation of international law with respect to Antigua and cross-border gaming. For over ten years, the US has consistently ignored rulings by the World Trade Organization, which has done substantial damage to the Antiguan economy. Antigua looks forward to working with Mr. Froman to restore America's credibility with its fellow WTO members."

Monies Received from GOVERNMENT OF ANTIGUA & BARBUDA
as of 11.01.12 - 04.30.13

Receipt Date	Invoice Date	From Whom	Purpose	Amonut
10/12/12	10/03/12	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Public Relations	40,000.00
10/12/12	10/03/12	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Expenses	1,400.00
11/13/12	11/07/12	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Public Relations	40,000.00
11/13/12	11/07/12	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Expenses	3,648.42
12/14/12	12/10/12	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Public Relations	40,000.00
12/14/12	12/10/12	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Expenses	1,478.00
01/16/13	01/11/13	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Public Relations	40,000.00
01/16/13	01/11/13	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Expenses	4,930.90
02/14/13	02/11/13	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Public Relations	40,000.00
02/14/13	02/11/13	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Expenses	5,846.58
03/11/13	03/06/13	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Public Relations	40,000.00
03/11/13	03/09/13	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Expenses	2,098.27
04/16/13	04/05/13	Antigua & Barbuda Investment Authority	Expenses	1,480.24
Total				260,882.41

Monies disbursed on behalf of GOVERNMENT OF ANTIGUA & BARBUDA

as of 11.01.12 - 04.30.13

Date	To Whom	Purpose	Amount
03/31/13	Washington Express	Courier Services	9.81
02/28/13	Washington Express	Courier Services	65.32
01/31/13	United Airlines	Travel - Air/Rail Fare	1,536.90
03/21/13	PRNewswire	Press Releases	1,208.40
10/29/13	PRNewswire	Press Releases	898.35
10/19/13	PRNewswire	Press Releases	898.35
02/19/13	Federal Express	Overnight Delivery	29.03
02/05/13	American Airlines	Travel - Air/Rail Fare	1,557.90
12/31/12	United Airlines	Travel - Air/Rail Fare	1,540.77
10/01/12	Buzzmaker, LLC	Consulting Services & Related Expenses	12,500.00
11/01/12	Buzzmaker, LLC	Consulting Services & Related Expenses	12,500.00
12/01/12	Buzzmaker, LLC	Consulting Services & Related Expenses	12,667.80
01/01/13	Buzzmaker, LLC	Consulting Services & Related Expenses	12,532.12
02/01/13	Buzzmaker, LLC	Consulting Services & Related Expenses	12,526.00
03/01/13	Buzzmaker, LLC	Consulting Services & Related Expenses	12,500.00
04/01/13	Buzzmaker, LLC	Consulting Services & Related Expenses	882.28
10/31/12	Various Vendors	Travel - Lodging, Meals & Transportation	212.60
12/31/12	Various Vendors	Travel - Lodging, Meals & Transportation	1,930.16
01/31/13	Various Vendors	Travel - Lodging, Meals & Transportation	1,789.75
Total			87,785.54

5649

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Associated Press	Joe McDonald	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Melanie Trotman	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Aaron Back	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Damian Paletta	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Carol E. Lee	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The New York Times	Mark Landler	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Tom Miles	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Michael Martina	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Jeff Mason	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Chris Buckley	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Los Angeles Times	Jim Puzanghera	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Los Angeles Times	Michael Memoli	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Politico	Byron Tau	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Politico	Maggie Haberman	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Hill	Vicki Needham	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The New York Times	Keith Bradsher	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Washington Post	Howard Schneider	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Washington Post	Amy Gardner	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg	Margaret Talev	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg	Jennifer M. Freedman	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Financial Times	Richard McGregor	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Financial Times	James Politi	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Washington Times	Susan Crabtree	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
CNN Money	Charles Riley	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Washington Post	Howard Schneider	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Politico	Dave Rogers	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Politico	Patrick O'Connor	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Hill	Vicki Needham	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Hill	Pete Kasperowicz	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Alexandra Berzon	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Dagmar Aalund	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Adam Horvath	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Associated Press	Jim Abrams	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Associated Press	Matthew Barakat	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Jane Sutton	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Doug Palmer	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
McClatchy		Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The New York Times	Clifford Krauss	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The New York Times	Matt Richtel	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The New York Times	Greg Winter	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Freelance	Gary Rivlin	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Roll Call	Kate Ackley	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The National Journal	Juliana Gruenwald	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Politico	Steve Freiss	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
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Reuters	Nicholas Brown	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Caroline Humer	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Mike Spector	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	Tiffany Kary	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	David McLaughlin	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Daily Bankruptcy Review	Marie Beaudette	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Daily Bankruptcy Review	Peg Brickley	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Pete Brush	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Dow Jones Newswires	Joseph Checkler	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Bankruptcy Lawyers Blog	Kevin Chern	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Lance Duroni	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Samuel Howard	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Caroline Humer	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Dow Jones Newswires	Mara Lemos-Stein	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	David McLaughlin	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Roxanne Palmer	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	John Pickering	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	Bill Rochelle	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
TheDeal.com	Katie Roof	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Mike Spector	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Ian Thoms	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Lisa Uhlman	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Anne Urda	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Registered Rep.	Diana Britton	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Dow Jones Newswires	Veronica Dagher	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
The Wall Street Journal	Kirsten Grind	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Dow Jones Newswires	Kevin Noblet	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform
Global Investor - New York Bu	Annabelle Palmer	Reporter	Email / Jan. 30, 2013 / Inform

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Bloomberg News	Tiffany Kary	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	David McLaughlin	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Daily Bankruptcy Review	Marie Beaudette	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Daily Bankruptcy Review	Peg Brickley	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Pete Brush	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Dow Jones Newswires	Joseph Checkler	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
The Bankruptcy Lawyers	Kevin Chern	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Lance Duroni	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Samuel Howard	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Reuters	Caroline Humer	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Dow Jones Newswires	Mara Lemos-Stein	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	David McLaughlin	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Law360	Roxanne Palmer	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
Bloomberg News	John Pickering	Reporter	Email / Jan. 28, 2013 / Inform
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Bloomberg News	John Pickering	Reporter	Email / May 3, 2013 / Inform
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